Financial Statements For the Years Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016



Financial Statements
For the Years Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Texas Society to Prevent Blindness, Inc.
(d/b/a Prevent Blindness Texas)
Houston, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Texas Society to Prevent Blindness, Inc. (d/b/a Prevent Blindness Texas) (the "Society"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of March 31, 2017, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

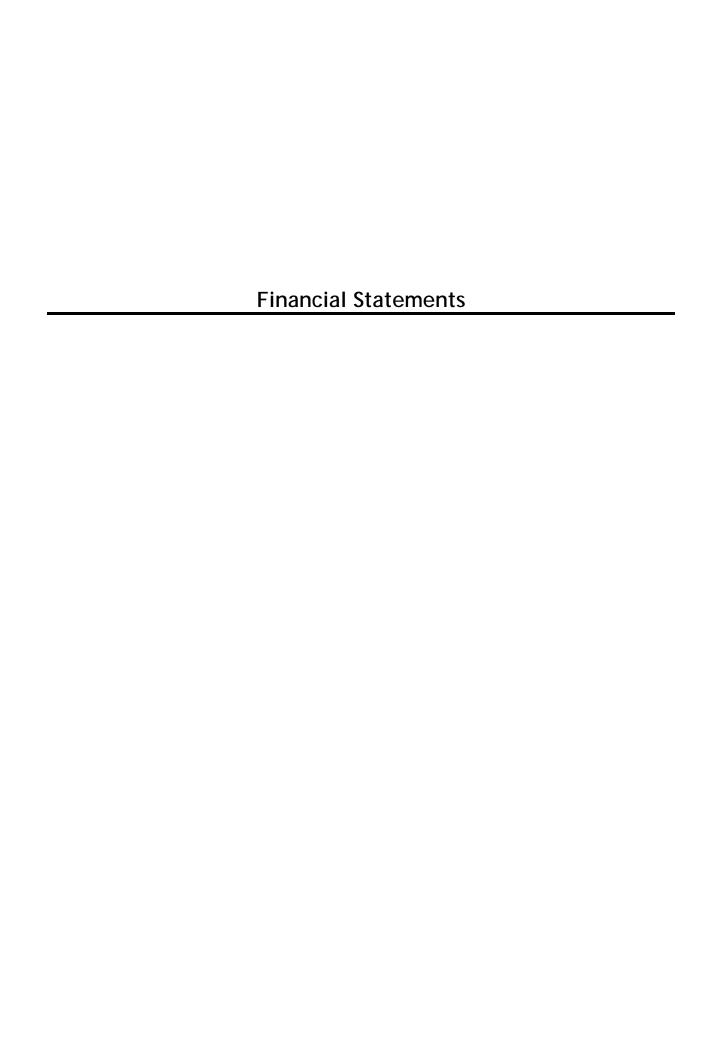
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Texas Society to Prevent Blindness, Inc. (d/b/a Prevent Blindness Texas) as of March 31, 2017 and the changes in its net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

The 2016 financial statements of Texas Society to Prevent Blindness, Inc. (d/b/a Prevent Blindness Texas) were audited by other auditors, whose report dated July 26, 2016 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

BDO USA, LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 23, 2017



Statements of Financial Position

March 31,	2017	2016
	2017	2010
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 111,873	\$ 136,327
Investments	1,368,800	1,714,540
Contributions and grants receivable	43,380	72,500
Interest receivable	3,670	5,617
Other assets	38,782	55,943
Total Current Assets	1,566,505	1,984,927
Property and Equipment, net carrying amount	625,299	634,666
Total Assets	\$ 2,191,804	\$ 2,619,593
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 15,218	\$ 5,138
Accrued vacation	29,500	43,505
Deferred revenue	-	300
Due to National office	18,397	102,802
Due to Houston Eye Association Foundation	46,103	65,141
Total Liabilities	109,218	216,886
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	1,762,292	2,040,193
Temporarily restricted	320,294	362,514
Total Net Assets	2,082,586	2,402,707
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 2,191,804	\$ 2,619,593

Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

				2017		2016				
	Temporarily								Temporarily	
Year ended March 31,		Unrestricted		Restricted		Total		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Public Support and Operating Revenue										
Contributions	\$	18,566	\$	11,650	\$	30,216	\$	31,853	\$ - \$	31,853
Foundation grants		23,767		484,698		508,465		43,115	275,795	318,910
Government grants		-		16,632		16,632		118,958	-	118,958
Received indirectly - combined service campaigns		4,375		-		4,375		4,364	-	4,364
Special events - net of direct costs of \$183,722 in 2017										
and \$194,652 in 2016		104,787		-		104,787		204,658	15,000	219,658
Interest and dividend income		30,678		-		30,678		32,705	5,146	37,851
Miscellaneous		250		-		250		817	-	817
Net assets released from restrictions		555,200		(555,200)		-		238,470	(238,470)	-
Total Public Support and Operating Revenue		737,623		(42,220)		695,403		674,940	57,471	732,411
Expenses										
Program services		817,618		-		817,618		833,782	-	833,782
General and administrative		48,095		-		48,095		49,046	-	49,046
Fundraising		96,191		-		96,191		98,092	-	98,092
Total Program and Support Services		961,904		-		961,904		980,920	-	980,920
Unallocated affiliate support of national programs		75,268		-		75,268		77,928	-	77,928
Total Expenses		1,037,172		-		1,037,172		1,058,848	-	1,058,848
(Decrease) increase in net assets - before non-operating revenue, gains, and losses		(299,549)		(42,220)		(341,769)		(383,908)	57,471	(326,437)
Non-operating revenue, gains, and losses - realized and										
unrealized gains (losses) on investments		21,648		-		21,648		(29,253)	-	(29,253)
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets		(277,901)		(42,220)		(320,121)	_	(413,161)	57,471	(355,690)
Net Assets - beginning of year		2,040,193		362,514		2,402,707		2,453,354	305,043	2,758,397
Net Assets - end of year	\$	1,762,292	\$	320,294	\$	2,082,586	\$	2,040,193	\$ 362,514 \$	2,402,707

Statements of Functional Expenses

			Program Service	es .		Support Services						
Year ended March 31, 2017	Research	Public Health Education	Professional Education and Training	Community Services	Total	General and		Unallocated Affiliate Support of National Programs	Total	Total		
Salaries	\$ 5,760	\$ 276,483	\$ 86,401	\$ 120,961	\$ 489,605	\$ 28,80	0 \$ 57,601	\$ -	\$ 86,401	\$ 576,006		
Employee benefits	1,222	58,652	18,329	25,660	103,863	6,11	0 12,219	-	18,329	122,192		
Payroll taxes	433	20,784	6,495	9,093	36,805	2,16	5 4,330	-	6,495	43,300		
Total salaries and related expenses	7,415	355,919	111,225	155,714	630,273	37,07	5 74,150	-	111,225	741,498		
Building occupancy	360	17,302	5,407	7,570	30,639	1,80	2 3,605	-	5,407	36,046		
Depreciation of building and equipment	302	14,504	4,533	6,346	25,685	1,51	1 3,022	-	4,533	30,218		
Dues and subscriptions	6	317	99	139	561	3	3 66	-	99	660		
Insurance	217	10,407	3,252	4,553	18,429	1,08	4 2,168	-	3,252	21,681		
Office equipment maintenance	147	7,032	2,198	3,077	12,454	73	3 1,465	-	2,198	14,652		
Office supplies	96	4,594	1,436	2,010	8,136	47	9 957	-	1,436	9,572		
Other	141	6,786	2,121	2,969	12,017	70	6 1,414	-	2,120	14,137		
Postage and shipping	87	4,165	1,302	1,822	7,376	43	4 868	-	1,302	8,678		
Printing and publications	44	2,092	654	915	3,705	21	8 436	-	654	4,359		
Professional fees and outside services	416	19,954	6,236	8,730	35,336	2,07	9 4,157	-	6,236	41,572		
Telephone	142	6,837	2,136	2,991	12,106	71	2 1,424	-	2,136	14,242		
Travel and meetings	223	10,695	3,342	4,679	18,939	1,11	4 2,228	-	3,342	22,281		
Visual aids and eye clinic	10	462	144	202	818	4	8 96	-	144	962		
Volunteer expenses	13	646	202	283	1,144	6	7 135	-	202	1,346		
Unallocated affiliate support of national programs	-	-	-	-				75,268	75,268	75,268		
Total Functional Expenses	\$ 9,619	\$ 461,712	\$ 144,287	\$ 202,000	\$ 817,618	\$ 48,09	5 \$ 96,191	\$ 75,268	\$ 219,554	\$ 1,037,172		

Statements of Functional Expenses

			Program Service	S		Support Services				
Year ended March 31, 2016	Research	Public Health Education	Professional Education and Training	Community Services	Total	General and Administrativ		Unallocated Affiliate Support of National Programs	Total	Total
Salaries	\$ 6,185	\$ 296,874	\$ 92,773	\$ 129,882	\$ 525,714	\$ 30,92	4 \$ 61,849	\$ - \$	92,773	618,487
Employee benefits	1,209	58,053	18,141	25,398	102,801	6,04	7 12,094	-	18,141	120,942
Payroll taxes	496	23,820	7,444	10,421	42,181	2,48	1 4,962	=	7,443	49,624
Total salaries and related expenses	7,890	378,747	118,358	165,701	670,696	39,45	2 78,905	-	118,357	789,053
Building occupancy	386	18,512	5,785	8,099	32,782	1,92	8 3,857	-	5,785	14,485
Depreciation of building and equipment	284	13,614	4,254	5,956	24,108	1,41	8 2,836	-	2,038	13,587
Dues and subscriptions	8	384	120	168	680	4	0 80	-	2,662	17,746
Insurance	203	9,751	3,047	4,266	17,267	1,01	6 2,032	-	1,572	10,484
Office equipment maintenance	69	3,334	1,042	1,459	5,904	34	7 695	-	5,785	38,567
Office supplies	136	6,522	2,038	2,853	11,549	67	9 1,359	-	1,042	6,946
Other	81	3,890	1,216	1,702	6,889	40	5 810	-	736	4,905
Postage and shipping	105	5,032	1,573	2,202	8,912	52	4 1,048	-	3,872	25,811
Printing and publications	49	2,354	736	1,030	4,169	24	5 491	-	120	800
Professional fees and outside services	145	6,952	2,173	3,041	12,311	72	6 1,448	-	3,048	20,315
Telephone	177	8,518	2,662	3,727	15,084	88	7 1,775	-	108	722
Travel and meetings	258	12,389	3,872	5,420	21,939	1,29	1 2,581	-	155	1,033
Visual aids and eye clinic	7	347	108	152	614	3	6 72	-	1,215	8,104
Volunteer expenses	10	496	155	217	878	5	2 103	-	4,254	28,362
Unallocated affiliate support of national programs	-	-	-	-	-			77,928	77,928	77,928
Total Functional Expenses	\$ 9,808	\$ 470,842	\$ 147,139	\$ 205,993	\$ 833,782	\$ 49,04	6 \$ 98,092	\$ 77,928 \$	225,066	1,058,848

Statements of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31,	2017	2016
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Decrease in net assets	\$ (320,121) \$	(355,690)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets		
to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	30,217	28,362
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(21,648)	29,253
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Contributions and grants receivable	29,120	(10,430)
Interest receivable	1,947	(1,290)
Other assets	17,161	17,520
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	10,080	4,657
Accrued vacation	(14,005)	(970)
Deferred revenue	(300)	(13,945)
Due to National office	(84,405)	55,706
Due to Houston Eye Association Foundation	(19,038)	(15,397)
Net cash used in operating activities	(370,992)	(262,224)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	(20,850)	(13,655)
Purchases of investment securities	(784,350)	(867,145)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	1,151,738	1,035,203
Net cash provided by investing activities	346,538	154,403
Net Decrease in Cash	 (24,454)	(107,821)
Cash, beginning of the year	136,327	244,148
Cash, end of the year	\$ 111,873 \$	136,327

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Accounting Policies

Nature of Organization

Texas Society to Prevent Blindness, Inc. (d/b/a Prevent Blindness Texas) (the "Society"), an affiliate of the National Society to Prevent Blindness, is a not-for-profit organization that began its program in the state of Texas in 1956 and was incorporated in 1965. The Society is concerned with preventing blindness and visual impairment through a comprehensive program of screening and public and professional education in the state of Texas. Program services, including research, public health education, and professional education and teachings, are provided through offices located in major metropolitan areas, including Dallas, Houston, and San Antonio.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Society maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Society has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management does not believe the Society is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

Contributions and Grants Receivable

The Society's contributions and other receivables are comprised primarily of grants and allocations committed from various funding agencies, corporations, and individuals for use in the Society's activities. Contributions receivable at March 31, 2017 are expected to be collected within one year. The Society has not recorded a provision for doubtful accounts since it is the opinion of management that those receivables are collectible in full.

Investment Valuation

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (the exit price). The investments of the Society have fair values determined by quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 classification).

Mutual Funds - Mutual funds' fair values are determined by reference to the fund's underlying assets, which are principally marketable equity and fixed income securities. Shares held in mutual

Notes to Financial Statements

funds that trade on national securities exchanges are valued at their trading price and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy as described in Note 2.

Equities - Equity funds consist of shares held at publicly traded companies. Shares held in equity funds that trade on national securities exchanges are valued at their trading prices and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy as described in Note 2.

Municipal Bonds - Municipal bonds consist of government and agency securities traded in markets that are not considered active and are valued based on quoted market prices or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. Securities that trade infrequently and therefore have little or no price transparency are valued using management's best estimates. These investments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy as described in Note 2.

Corporate Bonds - Corporate bonds consist of securities traded in markets that are not considered active and are valued based on quoted market prices, broker or dealer quotations, or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. Securities that trade infrequently and therefore have little or no price transparency are valued using managements best estimates. These investments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy as described in Note 2.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of gifts, fair value as of the date of the donation and depreciated over estimated useful lives using straight-line, accelerated, and declining-balance methods. Useful lives range from ten to 40 years for buildings and improvements and three to ten years for equipment. It is the policy of the Society to capitalize property and equipment if the cost or value of the item is in excess of \$1,500 and the useful economic life is greater than one year. Costs of repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

Classification of Net Assets

The separate classes of net assets are defined as follows:

- Unrestricted Amounts that are currently available for use in the Society's operations.
- Temporarily restricted Amounts that are restricted by actions of the donor and/or the passage of time.
- Permanently restricted Amounts that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Society. Generally, the donors of these permit the Society to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

The Society currently has no permanently restricted net assets.

Public Support and Revenue

Public support and revenue are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported

Notes to Financial Statements

as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or law. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between applicable classes of net assets.

Contributions and foundation grants of cash and other assets, including unconditional promises to give in the future, are reported as revenue when received, measured at fair value. Contributions and foundation grants with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions are reported as restricted support. All other contributions are reported as unrestricted support. Other restricted gifts are reported as restricted support.

Revenue from government grants and contract agreements is recognized as it is earned through expenditure in accordance with the agreement. Revenue from program service fees is recognized when the service is completed.

The Society is the beneficiary of various wills, the total realizable amount of which is not presently determinable. Such amounts are recorded as legacy revenue when clear title is established and the proceeds are clearly measurable.

Special event revenue is recognized in the period that the event occurs. Deferred revenue primarily consists of ticket sales for events occurring in the next fiscal year.

Donated Services and Assets

Contributions of tangible goods are recognized at fair value when received. Contributed professional services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

A substantial number of volunteers have donated significant amounts of their time to the Society's program services and fundraising campaigns. No amounts have been recognized in the Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets because the criteria for recognition of those goods and services in accordance with U.S. GAAP have not been satisfied.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and support services are presented on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Indirect costs have been allocated between the various programs and support services based on estimates, as determined by management. Such estimates include the amount and efforts of personnel and square footage of space utilized.

Tax Status

The Society is a not-for-profit corporation and is exempt from tax under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The Society is also subject to tax on any unrelated business income, which was de minimis for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. U.S. GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Society and recognize a tax liability if the Society has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service or other applicable taxing authorities. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Society and has concluded that as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, there are no

Notes to Financial Statements

uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements. The Society is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress.

Subsequent Events

The Society has evaluated subsequent events through August 23, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No events have occurred subsequent to August 23, 2017 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2016 amounts to conform to the fiscal 2017 classifications.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)," to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements for lessees and lessors. The new standard applies a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires, for all leases with a lease term of more than 12 months, an asset representing its ROU of the underlying asset for the lease term and a liability to make lease payments to be recorded. ASU 2016-02 is effective for the Society's 2020 fiscal year with early adoption permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2016-02 on its financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-14, "Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) and Health Care Entities (Topic 954) Present - Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities." ASU 2016-14 amends the current reporting model for nonprofit organizations and enhances their required disclosures. The major changes include: (a) requiring the presentation of only two classes of net assets now entitled "net assets without donor restrictions" and "net assets with donor restrictions," (b) modifying the presentation of underwater endowment funds and related disclosures, (c) requiring the use of the placed in service approach to recognize the expirations of restrictions on gifts used to acquire or construct long-lived assets absent explicit donor stipulations otherwise, (d) requiring that all nonprofits present an analysis of expenses by function and nature in either the statement of activities, a separate statement, or in the notes and disclose a summary of the allocation methods used to allocate costs, (e) requiring the disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information regarding liquidity and availability of resources, (f) presenting investment return net of external and direct expenses, and (g) modifying other financial statement reporting requirements and disclosures intended to increase the usefulness of nonprofit financial statements. ASU 2016-14 is effective for the Society's 2019 fiscal year with early adoption permitted. The provisions of ASU 2016-14 must be applied on a retrospective basis for all years presented although certain optional practical expedients are available for the periods prior to adoption. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-14 on their financial statements.

In May 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which supersedes nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is to recognize revenues when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled for those goods or

Notes to Financial Statements

services. ASU 2014-09 defines a five-step process to achieve this core principle and, in doing so, more judgment and estimates may be required within the revenue recognition process than required under existing U.S. GAAP. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which defers the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard by one year. ASU 2015-14 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and is to be applied using one of two retrospective application methods, with early application permitted after December 15, 2016. The Society has not yet determined the method by which ASU 2014-09 will be adopted in fiscal year 2020 and is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on its financial statements and disclosures.

2. Investments

Fair Value Measurements

The Society performs fair value measurements in accordance with Auditing Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

Fair value is defined in the ASC as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value measurement is based on a hierarchy of observable or unobservable inputs. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value.

- Level 1 *Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets* Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date;
- Level 2 Significant Other Observable Inputs Inputs to the valuation methodology are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and the fair value can be determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies; and
- Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable inputs in situations where there is little or no market activity of the asset and liability and the reporting entity makes estimates and assumptions relating to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Society's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The following tables present information about the Society's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the valuation techniques used by the Society to determine those fair values.

Notes to Financial Statements

At March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Society had no investments that were required to be classified as Level 3.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at March 31, 2017
Investments: Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Equities Mutual funds	\$ - - 423,250 46,247	\$ 347,932 312,890 -	\$ - - - -	\$ 347,932 312,890 423,250 46,247
Total Assets	\$ 469,497	\$ 660,822	\$ -	\$ 1,130,319
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at March 31, 2016
Investments: Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Equities Mutual funds	\$ - - 582,603 63,571	\$ 512,556 414,638 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 512,556 414,638 582,603 63,571
Total Assets	\$ 646,174	\$ 927,194	\$ -	\$ 1,573,368

Not included in the above tables are \$238,481 and \$141,172 in cash and cash equivalents held in brokerage accounts as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Total investment income reported as operating revenue consists of interest and dividend income of \$31,122 and \$38,404 and total investment expenses of \$444 and \$553 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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Notes to Financial Statements

3. Property and Equipment

The cost of property and equipment is summarized as follows:

	2017	2016	Depreciable Life - Years
Land	\$ 189,897	\$ 189,897	-
Buildings and improvements Equipment	688,939 528,023	688,939 507,173	10-40 3-10
Total cost	1,406,859	1,386,009	
Less accumulated depreciation	(781,560)	(751,343)	
Net Carrying Amount	\$ 625,299	\$ 634,666	

4. Due to Houston Eye Association Foundation

The Society and Houston Eye Association Foundation ("HEAF") conducts an annual joint fundraising event in which the organizations each receive 50% of the net proceeds. The Society controls the revenues and expenses. As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Society was obligated to pay HEAF \$46,103 and \$65,141, respectively, related to the joint fundraising event.

5. Due to National Office

The Society is an independent affiliate of the National Society to Prevent Blindness ("National"). National provides and is reimbursed for personnel and related fringe benefits to administer the operations of the Society.

In accordance with the terms of the affiliation agreement, the Society remits 12% of all discretionary income, calculated based on prior year income, to National. Discretionary income includes all income received except interest on investments, reimbursements, fees for services, and/or sale of materials or contributions that are designated or expressly restricted by the donor. A total of 25% of the receipts not expressly restricted from legacies, inter vivos trusts, or property from testamentary trusts from decedents dying on or after January 1, 1978 and whose wills are dated before December 31, 1995 are remitted to National. A total of 33% of the receipts not expressly restricted from legacies, inter vivos trust, or property from testamentary trusts from decedents whose wills are dated on or after January 1, 1996 are remitted to National. In addition, 3% of the receipts received after January 1, 1996 not expressly restricted from legacies, inter vivos trusts, or property from testamentary trusts are remitted to National for bequest development.

As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Society was obligated to pay National \$18,397 and \$102,802, respectively, related to personnel and related fringe benefit expenses.

6. Employee Benefit Plans

The Society sponsors a 403(b) retirement plan covering substantially all employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. The amount contributed by the Society to the plan is dependent on the

Notes to Financial Statements

contribution of each employee. Total contributions to the plan were \$30,416 and \$22,902 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Society also maintains a tax deferred annuity ("TDA") plan. Employee contributions are made on a tax-deferred basis pursuant to a salary reduction agreement in accordance with the requirements of Code Section 403(b). All employees are eligible to participate in the TDA. The Society does not make contributions to the TDA.

7. Operating Leases

The Society leases operating equipment (postage machine) at its Houston office with month-tomonth lease terms. The Society is also obligated under an operating lease for its office space for the San Antonio office.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year ending March 31,	Amount
2018	\$ 11,795
2019	13,060
2020	2,177
Total	\$ 27,032

Total rent expense under all operating leases was approximately \$12,000 and \$12,500 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

8. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets as of March 31, 2107 and 2016 are available for the following purpose:

	2017	2016
Restricted for use within 100 miles of Crosbyton, Texas Restricted by time Restricted by purpose	\$ 274,914 45,380 -	\$ 269,914 67,500 25,100
Total Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$ 320,294	\$ 362,514

9. Communities Foundation of Texas, Inc.

Communities Foundation of Texas, Inc. ("CFT") holds and controls assets for the benefit of the Dallas branch of the Society. Investments are restricted for building renovations at the Dallas branch and are released to the Society upon approval by CFT. The Society is not recording the value of the assets in the financial statements, as the Society currently does not have the unconditional right to receive the benefits. The investment balances were \$290,074 and \$283,567 as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.